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| 09/601,004 | 09/11/2000 | Kazuo Toraichi | A-371 | 4200 | |
| | 802 7590 10/02/2007 PATENTTM.US | | | EXAMINER | |
| P. O. BOX 82788 | | | DO, CHAT C | | |
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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| | | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | |
| | | 09/601,004 | KARUO TORAICHI | | |
| | Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | |
| | | Chat C. Do | 2193 | | |
| Period fo | The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the | ne correspondence address | | |
| WHIC - External after - If NC - Failu Any | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply to vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS, cause the application to become ABAND | ION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | |
| Status | | | • | | |
| 1)⊠ | Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 Au | <u>ugust 2007</u> . | | | |
| 2a)⊠ | This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This | action is non-final. | • | | |
| 3) | 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | |
| | closed in accordance with the practice under E | x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11 | , 453 O.G. 213. | | |
| Dispositi | ion of Claims | | | | |
| - 4)⊠ 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ | Claim(s) 1,2,4 and 6 is/are pending in the appli 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1,2,4 and 6 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | wn from consideration. | | | |
| • | ion Papers | | | | |
| 10) | The specification is objected to by the Examine. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine. | epted or b) objected to by t drawing(s) be held in abeyance. ion is required if the drawing(s) is | See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | |
| Priority (| under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | |
| 12) a): | Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list | s have been received. s have been received in Appli rity documents have been rec u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | cation No eived in this National Stage | | |
| 2) Notice 3) Infor | nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date | | nary (PTO-413) ail Date nal Patent Application | | |

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This communication is responsive to Amendment filed 08/27/2007.
- 2. Claims 1-2, 4, and 6 are pending in this application. Claims 1 and 6 are independent claims. This Office Action is made final.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

3. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

4. Claims 1-2, 4, and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claims 1-2, 4, and 6 cite a system for performing interpolation according to a predetermined mathematical algorithm. In order for claims to be statutory, claims must either include a practical application or a concrete, useful, and tangible result. However, claims 1-2, 4, and 6 merely disclose properties of sampling function H(t) or components for interpolating samples without disclosing a practical application nor a useful and tangle result. Even though a claim discloses an image value is resulted of interpolated of plurality of image data values, but the result is not useful and tangible since the output of interpolation is just another value as result of interpolation. Therefore, claims 1-2, 4, and 6 are directed to non-statutory subject matter.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-2, 4, and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Masaru et al. ("A Smooth Signal Generator Based on Quadratic B-spline Functions") in view of Maltsev et al. (U.S. 6,018,597).

Re claim 1, Masaru et al. disclose a two variable data interpolation system (e.g. abstract, Introduction section lines 16-18 page 1252, Preliminaries section lines 1-5 page 1252, wherein two variable data would be h and k) for processing data (e.g. discrete-time signal in Preliminaries section line 3 page 1252), wherein an value between a plurality of discrete data values is interpolated by performing convolution operation (e.g. equations 1-6 page 1252, particularly equations 3-4 for convolution) corresponding to the plurality of discrete data positioned at equal intervals (e.g. Preliminaries section lines 1-4 page 1252) in a two dimensional space using a sampling function (e.g. phi-function as seen n Figure 1 in page 1253 and equation 2 in page 1252) that is differentiable finite times (e.g. right column in page 1253) and has values of a local support (e.g. Figure 1 and equation 2 wherein parameter h and l are normalized or set to 1, then equation 2 will have specific finite values in a range [-3/2,3/2] and zero value outside that range; left column lines 1-5 page 1253) wherein with letting a third order B spline function be F(t), the sampling

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function, H(t) is defined as follows: H(t) = -F(t+1/2)/4 + F(t) - F(t-1/2)/4 (e.g. equation 4-6).

Masaru et al. fail to disclose that the data is image data. However, Maltsev et al. disclose in Figure 4 an interpolation process of an image data (e.g. 102-106 in Figure 4) utilizing convolution.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention is made to add image data into the interpolation system as seen in Maltsev et al.'s Figure into Masaru et al.'s invention because it would enable to efficiently reduce or minimize errors and noise in modifying image data (e.g. col. 1 lines 32-45).

Re claim 2, Masaru et al. further disclose the sampling function is a function that is differentiated only once over a whole region (e.g. capable of differentiated only once over a region due to smooth function, Introduction section lines 16-18 page 1252 and right column in page 1253).

Re claim 4, Masaru et al. further disclose the third order B spline function F(t) is disclosed in page 7-8 (e.g. F(t) is as function disclose in equation 2 page 1252 right column wherein h=1 and l=0 with scaling factor).

Re claim 6, it is an apparatus claim having similar limitations cited in claim 2.

Thus, claim 6 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 2.

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Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed 08/27/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

a. The applicant argues in pages 6-7 for claims rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 that the claims indeed disclose concrete, useful, and tangible result wherein the claims are developed to reduce the amount of the operation by the sampling functions and further be able to aliasing the distortions included in the data obtained as the result of interpolation.

The examiner respectfully submits that these advantages are not seen or cited in the claims. Instead, the claims just merely disclose mathematical operations including interpolation and convolution utilizing sampling function wherein the sampling function has particular properties. In order for claims to be statutory, the claims must include a practical application or a concrete, useful, and tangible result.

b. The applicant argues in page 7 last paragraph for claims rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) that Figure 1 is not a local support function which represented for equation (3) which k is set at 0 because K can not be set a specific value and K must have a value from –inf to +inf.

The examiner respectfully submits that the applicant has misunderstood the primary reference by Masaru. In expression (3), it discloses a multiple sampling functions corresponding to the subscripts k wherein k can take any values from - inf to +inf. Figure 1 is a first order (i.e. corresponding to k = 0) of the sampling

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function in expression (3). In another words, by setting k as subscript to 0 in expression (3), it would yield the sampling function as seen in Figure 1 with local support as required by the claims.

c. The applicant argues in page 8 first paragraph for claims rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) that the document by Masaru cannot be the claimed sampling function because if it is, then it should develop the technically very useful advantage of the sampling function that involves no aliasing distortion.

The examiner respectfully submits that the current claim language does not require any useful advantage of sampling function that involves no aliasing distortion, instead the claims only require a sampling function having a local support as expressed in the claim which clearly seen in the document by Masaru. In addition, the sampling function as seen in Figure 1 by Masaru would lead to no aliasing distortion since it is the property of local support as it would distort the data outside the range at center to minimal (e.g. ideally zero).

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

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the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chat C. Do whose telephone number is (571) 272-3721. The examiner can normally be reached on M => F from 7:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on (571) 272-3756. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Chat C. Do
Examiner
Art Unit 2193

September 26, 2007